

Patent Claims

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Carrier for Structural Parts And Method for Producing Same

- 10 1. A carrier (10, 38, 100) for structural parts to be
subjected to a heat-treatment process, including at least
one frame (11, 40, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110) and a lattice
(20, 50, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120) comprising intersecting
strands extending therefrom, wherein the frame consists of
15 one or more limbs (12, 14, 16, 18, 42, 44, 46, 48, 121,
122, 124, 125, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140)
preferably forming a polygon,
characterized in that
the frame (11, 40, 102, 104, 106, 108, 100) comprises
20 temperature-resistant material and the strands which form
the lattice (20, 50, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120) extending
from the limb or limbs (12, 14, 18, 42, 44, 46, 48, 121,
122, 124, 125, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140) of
the frame comprises carbon fibers or ceramic fibers.
- 25 2. The carrier according to claim 1,
characterized in that
the carrier (100) comprises a plurality of frames (102,
104, 106, 108, 100) forming a three-dimensional body.
- 30 3. The carrier according to claim 2,
characterized in that
the three-dimensional body has a basket geometry.

4. The carrier according to claim 1,
characterized in that
the carbon fiber-reinforced carbon material or ceramic
material forming the lattice (20, 50) is a fiber bundle in
the form of single-layer or multilayer fiber strands or
intertwined yarns and that the fiber bundle extends in a
warp and woof web structure between the limbs (12, 14, 16,
18, 42, 44, 46, 48) of the frame.
5. The carrier according to at least claim 1 or claim 4,
characterized in that
the lattice (20, 50) is formed by a section of an endless
fiber bundle extending between the limbs (12, 14, 16, 18,
42, 44, 46, 48) of the frame.
6. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the limbs (12, 14, 16, 18) have, in their respective
longitudinal edges, recesses through which extend sections
of the fiber bundle for extending the lattice (20, 50).
7. The carrier according to claim 6,
characterized in that
the recesses form a comb-like geometry in the respective
longitudinal edge (24, 26, 28, 30) of the frame limb (12,
14, 16, 18).
8. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the limbs (42, 44, 46, 48) of the frame (40) have
openings, such as borings (52, 54), through which the
fiber bundle passes.

9. The carrier according to at least claim 4,
characterized in that
the fiber bundle, laid in the web structure, extends under
tension between the limbs (12, 14, 16, 18, 42, 44, 46,
48).

10. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the frame (11, 52) is integrally cut out of a carbon
fiber-reinforced carbon plate.

11. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the limbs (42, 44, 46, 48) forming the frame (40) are
joined together by means of plug-in connections.

12. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the base of the frame (11, 38) or its limbs (12, 14, 16,
18, 42, 44, 46, 48) is a pyrolyzed fiber preform produced
by means of TFP technology.

13. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the frame (11, 40) consists of a section or sections
severed, in particular by means of water jet cutting, from
a carbon fiber-reinforced carbon plate, such as a CFC
plate.

14. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the lattice (20, 50) is produced by means of a TFP method.

15. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the fiber material consists of or contains Al_2O_3 and/or SiC
and/or BN and/or C.
16. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the lattice (20, 50) has a matrix which consists of or
contains carbon, B_4C , Al_2O_3 , SiC , Si_3N_4 and/or mullite.
17. The carrier according to claim 16,
characterized in that
the matrix is separated from the gas phase and/or formed
by pyrolysis of a precursor material.
18. The carrier according to claim 17,
characterized in that
the precursor material is phenolic resin and/or furan
resin and/or a Si precursor.
19. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
at least the lattice has a coating of, or contains,
oxides, nitrides and/or carbides of the third and fourth
main group and/or the third to sixth subgroup of the
periodic system and/or carbon.
20. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the frame (11, 40) consists of carbon fiber-reinforced
carbon, fiber ceramic or graphite.

21. The carrier according to at least claim 1,
characterized in that
the carrier (100) has a parallelepiped geometry open on
one side with bottom and side frames (102, 104, 106, 108,
5 110) which are each holders for a lattice (112, 114, 116,
118, 120).

22. The carrier according to at least claim 21,
characterized in that
10 the upper limb (121, 122, 124, 125) of each side frame
(112, 114, 116, 118) is a flat element and/or the lower
limb (126, 128, 130, 132) of each side frame is an angular
element and/or the side limbs (134, 136, 138, 140)
extending at a right angle thereto are each a round
15 element.

23. The carrier according to at least claim 22,
characterized in that
the flat element forms, with its flat side, a plane in
20 which, or approximately in which, extends the lattice
(112, 114, 116, 118) stretched out by the frame (102, 104,
106, 108) extends.

24. The carrier according to at least claim 22,
25 characterized in that
the respective flat element (121, 122, 124, 125) of the
side frame (112, 114, 116, 118), at the outer longitudinal
edge side, extends in a flush manner into the respective
front end of a round element (134, 136, 138, 140).

30 25. The carrier according to at least claim 22,
characterized in that
adjoining flat elements of frames (102, 104, 106, 108)

abutting one another at a right angle, or approximately at a right angle, are connected by a plug-in connection which, in turn, extends into one of the round elements (134, 136, 138, 140).

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26. A method for producing a component consisting of intersecting strands of carbon fibers or ceramic fibers using a frame composed of one or more limbs, from which the strands having the desired lattice structure are correspondingly extended, a matrix is then inserted into the fibers and the lattice is subsequently removed from the frame.

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27. The method according to claim 26, characterized in that the lattice is separated, e.g. severed, from its sections extending from the frame.

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28. The method according to claim 26, characterized in that the matrix is separated from the gas phase and/or formed by pyrolysis of one or more precursor materials.

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29. The method according to claim 27, characterized in that the lattice is surface-coated prior to and/or after removal of the lattice from the frame.

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30. The method according to at least claim 26, characterized in that Al_2O_3 and/or SiC and/or BN and/or C is used as the fibers or fiber material.

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31. The method according to at least claim 26,
characterized in that
carbon and/or B_4C and/or Al_2O_3 and/or SiC and/or Si_3N_4
and/or mullite is used as matrix material.

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32. The method according to at least claim 26,
characterized in that
the lattice is surface-coated with oxides, nitrides and/or
carbides of the third and fourth main group and/or the
third to sixth subgroup of the periodic system and/or
carbon.

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33. A lattice or method for producing a lattice according to
one of the claims 1 to 32.

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